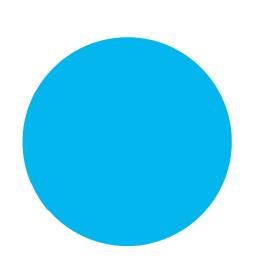
# iXblue





# Narrow Linewidth Single Frequency Fiber Laser

IXC-CLFO-LN-BT



A single frequency laser for which applications?

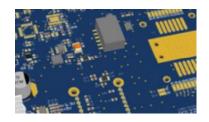


- Coherent LIDAR
- Cold atoms
- Laser seeder
- Sensing
- Hydrophone
- Interferometry



#### Integrated iXblue technologies





#### Electronic (PCB)

→ Laser and TEC drivers, feedback loop



Distributed FeedBack Fiber Laser (DFB-FL)

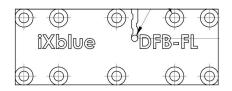
→ Bragg grating on active fiber



#### iXblue specialty fibers

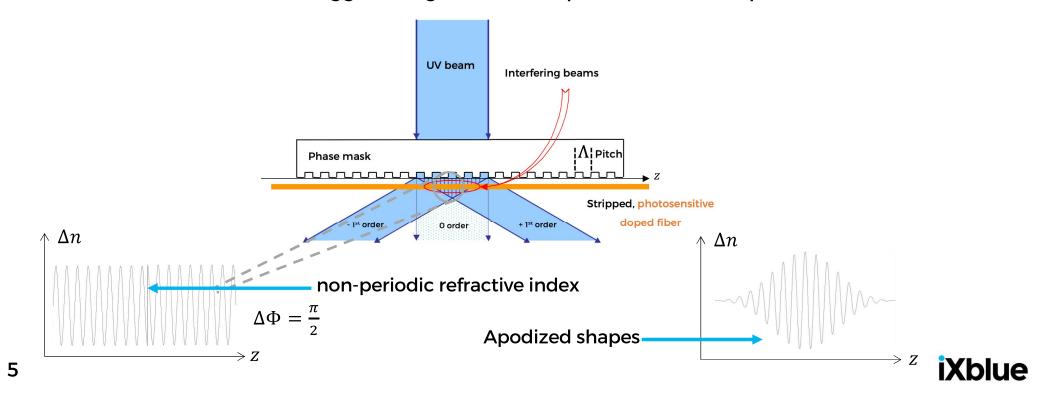
→ Erbium, matched passive fibers and polarization maintaining (PM)

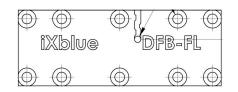




#### Focus on the DFB-FL sub-system $\rightarrow$ Fiber Bragg Grating (FBG)

The DFB consist in a Fiber Bragg Grating written in a photosensitive doped fiber

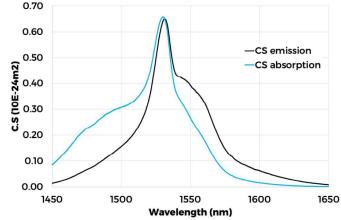




#### Focus on the DFB-FL sub-system $\rightarrow$ specialty optical fibers

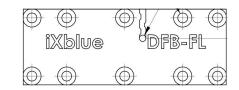
- Optimized doped fiber and tailored composition suitable for UV-photosensitivity
- Matched passive fibers
- Polarization-Maintaining (PM) fiber



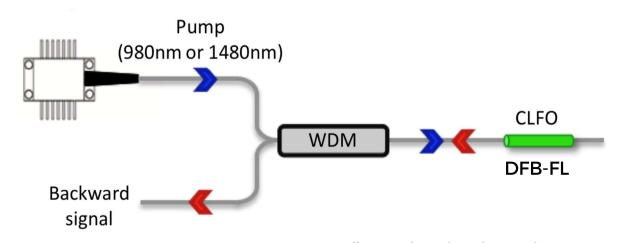


Typical Erbium cross-section





Focus on the DFB-FL sub-system → principle and ...

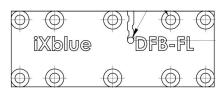


DFB-FL pump configuration: backward

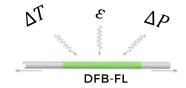
- Laser emission activated by SC-pump
- Bi-directional laser emission

- In this configuration, Laser emission in C-band
- Few tens of µW backward output power

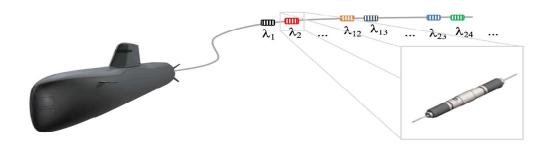




### Focus on the DFB-FL sub-system → principle and ... caution!



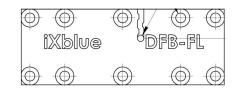
- $\bullet$  The active part, (= DFB-FL)  $\rightarrow$  very sensitive to the Temperature, Strain and Pression
- $\bullet$  DFB-FL commonly used as a sensor  $\rightarrow$  hydrophone for ex. in array configuration (see below)



Laser wavelength depends on:

$$\frac{\Delta \lambda_B}{\lambda_B} = a\Delta T + b\varepsilon + c\Delta P$$





### Focus on the DFB-FL sub-system → principle and ... caution!

- First integration step → iXblue packaging
- Thermal management → wavelength stability + tunability easy to reach
- Tuning range approximatively, 1 nm (eq. to 125 GHz @ 1550 nm) at ~ 1 GHz/sec



DFB-FL packaging 62 x 12 x 3 mm





#### Focus on the DFB-FL system $\rightarrow$ fully integrated solution

• The DFB-FL is packaged and integrated in turn-key benchtop solution → IXC-CLFO-LN-BT



#### **FEATURES**

- Narrow linewidth < 0,1 kHz</p>
- Low intrinsic phase noise
- Single longitudinal mode
- Output power up to 40 mW



#### **BENEFITS**

- Linear polarization
- Mode-hop-free
- 1 nm range tunability

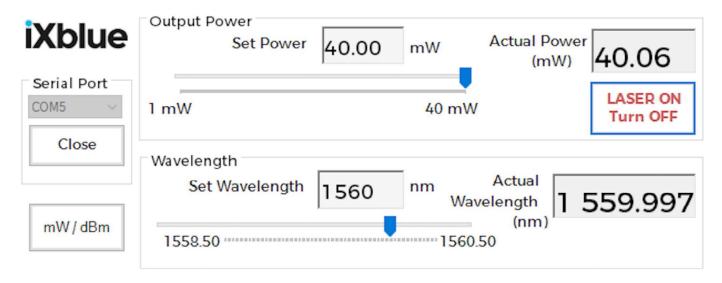




#### Focus on the DFB-FL system $\rightarrow$ fully integrated solution

• The DFB-FL is packaged and integrated in turn-key benchtop solution → IXC-CLFO-LN-BT

X iXblue Interface IXC-CLFO-LN-BT



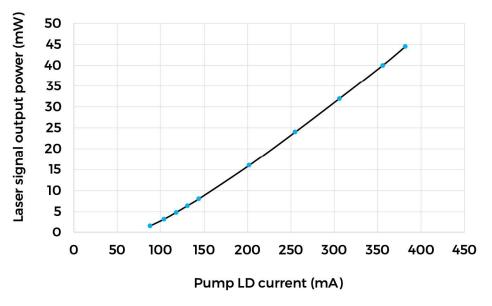
User-friendly interface to monitor the output laser power and wavelength

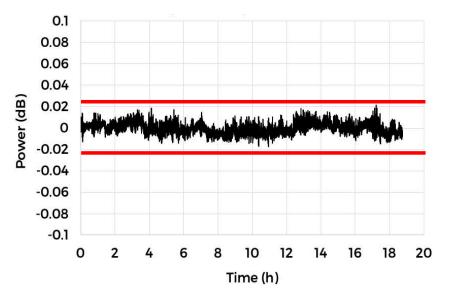




#### Focus on the DFB-FL system $\rightarrow$ fully integrated solution

Polarization maintaining laser output power tunable with high stability





Laser output power tunability up to 40 mW

Laser output stability < 1 % (at room temperature)



0.9 %

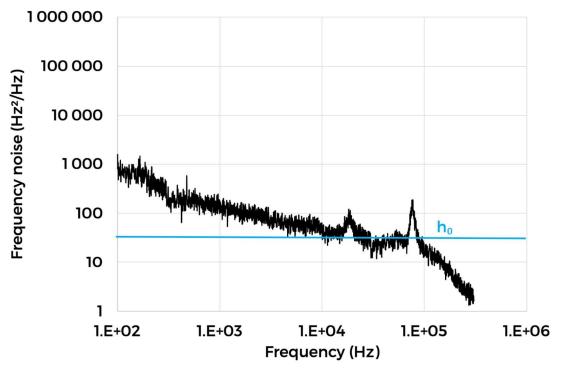
power

stability



#### Focus on the DFB-FL system $\rightarrow$ fully integrated solution

Low frequency noise



- ultra narrow linewidth fiber laser
- Intrinsic linewidth  $\Delta \nu = \pi h_0 \cong$  **0.1 kHz**
- Frequency noise level related to:
- optical fiber properties
- FBG cavity design
- rare-earth lifetime



## iXblue DFB-FL at 1.5 µm: IXC-CLFO-LN-BT





iXblue know-how in specialty optical fibers led to the development of singlefrequency fiber lasers based on UY Bragg grating technology written into active rare-earth photosensitive fibers. Short cavity length and phase-shifted design permit an ultra-narrow linewidth, robust mode-hop-free and single longitudinal mode laser operation.

uch single-frequency fiber lasers, also called "Narrow Linewidth Fiber Laser" or "Distributed Feedback ber Lasers" (DFB-FL) are ideal r various emerging applications including LIDAR and cold atoms. Due to the extremely narrow linewidth, low noise and compactness, these fiber lasers can be used in applications such as interferometric sensing, in seismology for example. Several millimeters in length as a sensing element, lead to a robust single mode operation, without mode hop even when thermal and vibration environment are uncontrolled. That is why these fiber lasers can also be used as hydrophones. One of their key advantages lies in the very low intrinsic noise, suitable for level with "Deep Sea State Zero" which means, the capabilities of an acoustic signal detection as low as the level of the acoustic noise floor of a quiet ocean. Finally, these fiber lasers are also useful for scientific research (i.e spectroscopy), or as continuous / pulse laser seeders.

Reaching a measurement with very low noise is possible when both FBGs and optical fibers design and manufacture are mastered. Based on its expertise in optical fibers and in photowriting, iXblue is able to design matched active and passive fibers dedicated to such solutions. Armed with several years' experiences in the Fiber Brugg Garting (FBG) certain (gFBG) cert

shapes continuously FBGs and therefore improves fiber laser performances.

Today narrow linewidth fiber lasers can be applied to a variety of applications at several frequency or wavelength ranges: coherent pulse laser source for LIDARs, continuous laser for cold atons, etc. They can replace semiconductor lasers having output powers of only few mW, with linewidths not suitable for otherent lightwave systems.

#### A new compact and integrated solution

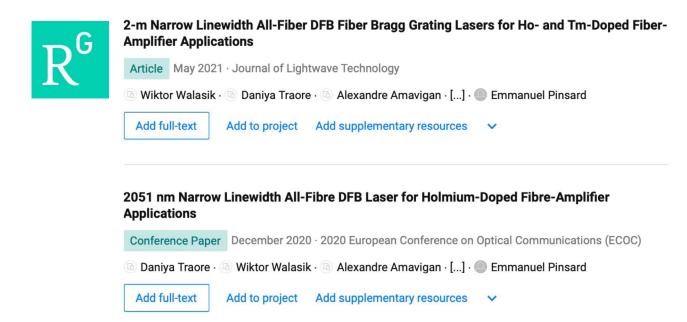
With the aim to develop a fully integrated system, iXblue is adding to its portfolio a new compact solution integrating the narrow linewidth laser, the IXC-CLFO-LN-BT at 1.5 ×m. It houses the 1.5×m iXblue singlefrequency fiber laser (FBG on active doped fiber) and an iXblue pump driver, but also an optical amplification stage. The output laser is a continuous polarization maintaining laser signal up to 40 mW, 1kHz linewidth range and a tunability over 1nm. In this turn-key benchtop solution, iXblue guarantees the power amplification, the high stability and the quality of the narrow linewidth fiber laser. The DFB fiber laser sub-component is also available  $1.5 \times m, iX blue \, opens \, new \, emerging \, applications,$ with its fiber laser at 2×m, based on the specialty Thulium doped fibers







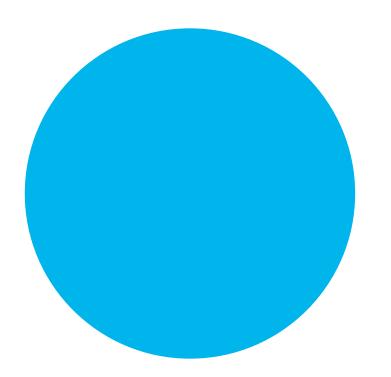




The DFB fiber laser sub-component remains available by itself (at 1.5 μm and 2 μm)







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