PM Neodymium Double Clad Doped Fiber

IXF-2CF-Nd-PM-30-130

iXblue Photonics offers a complete range of Neodymium fibers with some unique properties. iXblue Photonics Neodymium Aluminosilicate double clad fibers have been developed to maximize fiber efficiency through a precisely controlled host composition. Compared to a standard Neodymium fiber, the 1.06 μ m emission is reduced through careful fiber design optimization, making it ideal for lasers between 890 and 935 nm.

With 30 μ m core, the fiber could be used to generate multi-watts in femtosecond lasers configuration in the 0.9 μ m area, high enough power to be used in frequency-doubling to generate blue visible lasers, or even frequency-quadrupling to generate Deep-UV lasers at 266 nm. Polarisation Maintening behaviour as well as 0.045 Numerical Aperture simplifies the fiber integration to ensure single mode operation and low M².



FEATURES & BENEFITS

- $\cdot\,$ Low 1.06 μm emission thanks to optimised design
- Panda type
- \cdot 30 μm core for multi-watts operation
- \cdot Standard 125µm cladding
- + 0.045 NA for low M^2
- Matched passive fiber available

APPLICATIONS

- \cdot 0.9 μm fiber lasers
- \cdot 0.4 μm Blue fiber lasers through frequency-doubling
- 0.2 µm Deep UV fiber lasers through frequency-quadrupling
- · CW and femtosecond lasers



IXF-2CF-Nd-PM-30-130 typical efficiency



IXF-2CF-Nd-PM-30-130 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameters

30 ± 2 µm
125 ± 3 μm
245 ± 15 μm
0.045 ± 0.005
≥ 0.46
≥ 0.8 dB/m
< 50 dB/km
> 1.10-4
< 1.0 µm
100 kpsi

Comments:

Panda PM design Round cladding shape Operating wavelength: 890-935 nm HeNe multimode tested Matched double clad passive fiber: IXF-2CF-PAS-PM-30-130-0.05

Specifications are subject to change without notice

EXAMPLE OF APPLICATIONS:

IXF-2CF-Nd-PM-30-130 fiber is used in amplifier configuration to increase a 905 nm pulse laser to achieve up to 24 W of average power at a repetition rate of 40 kHz, with pulse duration of 45 ns. Frequency doubling technics was applied to achieve 4.9 W @ 452 nm and frequency quandrupling to obtain 0.5 w @ 226nm.



Reference: iXbue & CIMAP-ENSICAEN

