

iXblue modulators for space application

Dr Hervé Gouraud – Sales & Marketing Manager iXblue-Photonics



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iXblue in few words



High-Technology Independent Company







iXblue in France



Global Footprint





Products & Services



We offer a wide range of products and services from optical components to instruments, integrated systems and operations at sea.



Applications



Energy and Renewables



Navigation





Autonomous vehicles



Space



Fiber lasers

Fishing and fishery research

Our products are used from the depths of the oceans to outer space in very diverse applications. We encourage strong cross-fertilization, technical and methodological synergies between those applications.



Defense



What is iXblue Space heritage?!



Modulators from R&D to concrete communication projects

First modulators prototypes developped for space

• 2002 - 2006 Sat'N'Light

- In collaboration with Thales Alenia Space,
- Photonic RF frequency up and down conversion
- Routing of microwave signals in repeaters

• 2006 - 2014 MGOM

- o ARTES 5, with Thales Alenia Space, ALTER, University of Madrid
- Optimized wide bandwidth optical modulator
- Reliability assessment & evaluation

• 2008 - 2014 OMCU

- ARTES 5, with Thales Alenia Space
- Special linear modulator
- Packaged modulator for integration in subsystems





Modulators from R&D to concrete communication projects

To the European Space Standard for LinbO₃ modulators

• 2010 - 2012

- Evaluation of reliability of optical modulators for space conditions
- o Definition of a space qualification program (Flow cart of tests) for optical LiNbO₃ modulator

• 2012 - 2013

- Study with and for Thales Alenia Space
- Study of a reflective modulator for array of antenna
- Optimized optical modulator
- Reliability assessment & evaluation

• 2013 - 2015

Optimization of hermetic packaging aiming ideal compliance with space requests







Fiber-Optic Gyroscopes (FOG)

Application

- iXspace devepped with EADS Astrium a family of ITAR free Inertial Measurements Units, the ASTRIX
- Navigation, precision positioning

Technology:

- Each FOG requires 3 Y-Junction Phase modulators and 3 fiber coils
- LiNbO₃ Crystal oriental X-cut
- APE (Annealed Proton Exchange) process
- Wavelength: 1550 nm
- RadHard Fiber coils

• The reality - Commercial projects currently in operation:

- <u>PLANCK</u>: May 2009 Cosmic Background radiation, <u>link</u>
- <u>PLEIADES</u>: December 2011 earth observation, <u>link</u>
- <u>GAIA</u>: December 2013 three-dimensional map of our Galaxy GALILEO, <u>link</u>
- Meteosat Third Generation: 2015 for numerical weather prediction and now-casting, link
- <u>AEOLUS</u>: August 2018 Atmospherix Wind profile, <u>link1 link2</u>







European Space Agency









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Satellites communications

Application

Laser Communication Terminals for LEO-GEO / LEO to LEO / LEO to ground

High-speed data transfer

• Technology:

- Amplitude & Phase LiNbO₃ modulators
- LiNbO₃ Crystal oriental X-cut
- APE & Ti:Diffusion processes
- o Wavelength: 1064 nm & 1550 nm
- Medium frequency < 5 GHz
- Modulation scheme: BPSK homodyne





European Space Agency



NEC

iXhlue

The reality - Commercial projects currently in operation:

 Mission: Sentinal 1a and Sentinel 2a, and on the GEO satellite Alphasat: providing highresolution optical imagery of agriculture, forests, land-use change and land-cover change, <u>link1</u>, <u>link2</u>

On-board laser cavity stabilization



Laser cavity stabilization

Technology:

- $_{\circ}$ Each Laser uses a Phase LiNbO₃ modulator
- LiNbO₃ Crystal oriental X-cut
- APE (Annealed Proton Exchange) process
- Wavelength: 1064 nm
- $_{\circ}$ Medium frequency < 100 MHz
- Pound–Drever–Hall (PDH) technique

• The reality - Commercial project:

 GRACE FO: Gravity Recovery and Climate Experiment Follow-On: tracking Earth's water movement to monitor changes in underground water storage <u>Link1</u>, <u>link2</u>





Twin satellites « Tom et Jerry »



(GRACE-FO) mission launched onboard a SpaceX Falcon 9 rocket, Tuesday, May 22, 2018,



Laser Communication from Ground to Satellite

Application

 December 2013 Nasa's <u>first laser communication</u>: Ground ←→ Space: the system is the first ever to use an optical laser rather than radio waves to transmit data across space.

Technology:

- ModBox "Communication Laser" System Optical transmitter 4 Channels
- o Wavelength: C-Band
- Modulation scheme: Fourth Order Pulse Modulation (Pulse-Position Modulation PPM-4)

•The reality - In-situ project:

 A communications link between an ESA ground station in Tenerife, the Canary Islands, and NASA's LADEE (Lunar Atmosphere and Dust Environment Explorer) satellite 400 000 km away in orbit round the Moon. <u>Link1</u>, <u>link2</u>







European Space Agency

RUAG







Laser Communication from Ground to Satellite

Deutsches Zentrum für Luft- und Raumfahrt German Aerospace Center

• Application

• May 10th 2018: Ground Free Space communication: DLR set a new world record in optical free-space data transmission using free-space laser communications – 13 Tb/s

Technology:

- ModBox Optical "Reference Transmitter"
- Wavelength: C-Band
- Modulation scheme: 16-QAM 53 WDM





The virtual satellite terminal

•The reality – Lab project:

• The distance covered during the trials was 10.45 km and is comparable - with respect to turbulence - to the 'worst-case scenario' connection between a ground station and a geostationary satellite. Link1



The virtual station terminal



iXblue: the leader in the space communication market

• iXblue is a world-leading manufacturer of high-reliability LiNbO₃ modulators for space market

- iXblue first study and modulator prototypes for space started in 2002
- iXblue Modulators have been already launched in space through more than **13 missions since 2009 with successful operations**.
- With ESA, iXblue established a Standard / Norm of the LiNbO₃ qualification for a space application

• The iXblue **modulators passed successfully all the tests of reliability to be used in space** (radiations, vibrations, mechanical shocks, endurance tests such as thermal cycling and life tests in vacuum,...).

• The iXblue modulators **address the market of space applications** with highly reliable solutions for a wide range of application:

- Navigation, precision positioning
- Inter-satellite communication
- Laser stabilisation

• iXblue masters both Ti:InDifusion / APE processes and provide Space Grade LiNbO₃ modulators:

- Near Infra-Red / C-Band Phase and amplitude modulator
- MXER: High Extinction Ratio Modulator, ER from 23 dB, to 30 dB in a near future
- EO-bandwidth from 100 MHz to 40 GHz



Why the need of "space grade" LiNbO₃ Modulators?



Space grade Modulators: the environment

Main differences	Standard Telcordia modulators	Space Grade modulators				
Operating and storage conditions	 Space environment could induce additional degradations in a space mission due to: Rocket launch (vibrations, chocks) Orbital lifetime (radiations, vacuum, temperature, operating cycles) Reliability and Lifetime Lack of accessibility A Specific Qualification must be performed with specific Radiation doses, vibration and shock amplitude, etcwhich are not covered by the Telcordia Qualification. Ground storage (temperature, humidity) The Space Grade modulators are sealed quasi hermetically with neutral and dry gas by seam welding operation. 					
Qualification	The qualification is performed once and at a given time. The Qualification is done once for the component life !	The qualification is usually performed per modulators batch for a given mission (rocket, satellite type, orbit, life time of the project,).				
Modulator performances	Low $V\pi$, very wide EO-bandwidth	 High stringent specifications: Low Vπ, low EO-bandwidth, low insertion loss, Very low IL & bias drifts A screening test is required 				
Raw materials	 Space environment involves a dedicated raw material Already Space qualified elements are used (lim Glue, fiber-boots, fiber buffer, chip base plate, . Life-time of the elements embedded into the model 	choice: itation of neighbors' outgazing and contamination effects) which involve a specific mechanical housing.				

Space grade Modulators: the process

- Space grade modulator: the best modulator quality, due to intensive care during the manufacture!
- 2 engineers follow continuously the modulators manufacture
- Additional control tests are added: visual inspection, pull-test and wirebond testing on samples,
- More than 7 steps are added in the Space modulator manufacturing process applicable from the standard for Space products: ESCC and/or MIL-STD

Main differences	Standard Telcordia modulators	Space Grade modulators	
Pre-test on electrical bonding by using a control sample	No	Yes	
Post-test on electrical bonding by using a control sample (pull-test)	No	Yes	
Seal welding pre-test on a control sample	No	Yes	
Seal welding post-test on a control sample	No	Yes	
Visual Inspection (Internal elements and/or external)	Yes (~ 3 times)	Yes (~ 5 times)	
Number of manufacturing steps from Front End to EOM final test	~ 20	~ 27	



Space grade Modulators: the traceability

• **Traceability** is the ability to verify the manufacture history of the Modulators by means of documented recorded identification.

- Each wafer is defined by its origin from a bulk lithium niobate crystal and is identified with its own serial number defined chronologically
- The "Product Line" (GF), define all the fabrication steps of the LiNbO₃ wafer, and follows the wafer during the fabrication steps.
- Each step is defined by a detailed fabrication document, named "Processing methods".
- Each step of the GF is checked dated and signed by the operator on the paper document.
- Each chip on the wafer is identified by a number between 01 to 23 written (in gold) at the surface of the chip during the lithography
- All characteristics of the chips are stored in an electronic document linked to the wafer type and to its serial number.
- A document, named "Mounting range" (GM), define all the packaging steps of the LiNbO₃ chip, and follows the chip during the fabrication steps.
- The chip is packaged in a case with its own serial number defined chronologically.
- All data from specifications of the completed modulator are stored in a document: wafer type and SN, chips serial numbers.
- Electronic documents are stored on a central storage saving disk system with external saving periodic operations.
- o Paper documents are stored in archives cabinet
- Traceability is especially relevant when developing safety-critical systems such as space grade component
- The traceability plays an important role
 - To act in a curative way to rectify as fast as possible the conformity of the product and\or better manage the consequences/damages caused
 - To realize an analysis of the problem upstream and the downstream to set up corrective actions;
 - To integrate in a preventive way into the design and into the production all the relevant elements;



Space grade Modulators: the packaging and delivery







Which qualification strategy?

The approachs, the notion of risk



The qualification: the conservative approach

- A full Qualification (Endurance, radiation, mechanical tests chart) is conducted on several QMs.
 - The tests conditions are defined by the mission (rocket type, orbit,...)
 - The QM are tested with an additional margin in comparison with the operating and storage conditions
- The FM are selected from EM batch
- The FMs are submitted to a relaxed tests program (Lot Acceptance Test)
- Dedicated to small volume modulators production project
- Expensive Project / FM delivery is more than 1 year.
- Approach dedicated to long-life satellite, etc...



The qualification: the realistic approach

- <u>Customer takes advantage of iXblue heritage and previous space projects success</u>
- Based on iXblue heritage & background, the number of QMs can be reduced, and the qualification program is simplified
- A Delta-qualification is performed only when new process or element are changed
- Dedicated to small up to large volume modulators production project
- Cost effective project / EM-FM delivery is 4 8 months (backlog)



Space grade Modulators

• "New Space" approach

- The screening tests is reduced to the burn-in, the qualification on QM program is reduced or not performed,.
- High master and control of the supplier's technology and processes
- Production & standardization dedicated to the small and medium production volume
- Low-cost or cost effective space solutions
- Design to cost / process to cost
- This approach is risky (reliability of the EOM) and can be dedicated only to short life time satellite projects.
- iXblue does not support this approach today.





Additional Slides



Why the screening test ?

•The Screening aims are:

• To detect potential failures and defects as early in the test sequence as possible.





- The bathtub curve for failure rates
 - Early failure period or also called infant mortality failures: during this period, the weak or marginally functional modulators are weeded out.
 - Stable failure period or intrinsic failure period: the failures occur in a random at a uniform or constant rate.
 - Wear-out failure period: one of the main purposes of the reliability testing is to ensure that the onset of the wearout period occurs far enough out in time as to not be concern during the useful life of the product.

How Important are Qualifications?

- The objective of qualification testing is the formal demonstration that the design implementation and manufacturing methods have resulted in hardware and soft-ware conforming to the specification requirements
- The purpose of qualification testing shall be to demonstrate that the items perform satisfactorily in the intended environments with sufficient margins.
- The qualification test levels shall exceed the maximum predicted levels by a factor of safety which assures that, even with the worst combination of test tolerances, the flight levels shall not exceed the qualification test levels.
- Radiation Environment: The space environment could induce degradation to a majority of optoelectronics components employed in a space mission.
- **Damp heat**: The purpose of this test is to evaluate, in accelerated manner, the resistance of the component to the deteriorative effects.
- **Random & Sine Vibration**: Vibration tests verify the ability of the samples to withstand the dynamic stress applied by vibration.
- Mechanical Shocks: The purpose of the mechanical shocks test is to examine the modulators shock resistance.
- Thermal Vacuum & Air cycling: The modulator being exposed to thermal vacuum during space flight, also the large temperature variations may directly affect the characteristics of the modulator.
- Accelerated Aging test: The method consists of simulating long term operation in a relatively short period of time in harmful test conditions. Possibility to anticipate the lifetime of the modulators.



How to get Flight Model Modulators: example of Qualification Test (QT) and LAT



- The purpose of acceptance testing is to demonstrate conformance to specification and to act as quality control screens to detect manufacturing defects, workman-ship errors, the start of failures and other performance anomalies, which are not readily detectable by normal inspection techniques.
- The acceptance tests shall be formal tests conducted to demonstrate the adequacy and readiness of an item for delivery and subsequent usage.
- Acceptance tests shall be conducted on flight models under environmental conditions no more severe than those expected during the mission.



Models philisophy

- Commercial Off-The-Shelf (COTS),
- Breadboard Model 1 (BBM1);
- Breadboard Model 2 (BBM2);
- Engineering Model (EM);
- Flight Model (FM).



Models philisophy

The following guidelines are intended to define the LiNbO₃ modulator models involved in the verification process and the selection of the associated model.

• The **Commercial-Off-The-Shelf (COTS)** is a commercial and standard LiNbO₃ modulator, iXblue portfolio amplitude and phase modulators

• The Breadboard Model (BBM) we identify:

- the BBM1: it can be seen as a COTS modulator model but with a custom LiNbO₃ chip (based on customer requirement such as an adapted EO-bandwidth, a lower V π , a higher SER, a lower IL,...).

- the BBM2: is identical modulators to flight hardware except for reliability and quality assurance. It is used for the confirmation of key performances (optical, electrical, electro-optical) and behavior, as well as interface and size (mechanical foot-print, fibers,...).

The BBM1 & BBM2 modulators are not intending to be submitted to tests, neither space operating condition.

• The **Qualified Model (QM) and Engineering Model (EM)** are modulators that are used for the confirmation of key performances and interface, including unit mounting scheme and thermal characteristics. These modulators are identical to flight hardware, it is sampled from flight model lot after screening test.

The **QMs** are hardly tested following full level functional and environmental qualification tests (Qualification Tests Evaluation).

Functional qualification is performed on **EM**.

• The **Flight Model (FM)** are the modulators dedicated to fly; these are tested to acceptancelevel testing (LAT Lot Acceptance Tests corresponding to a relaxed qualification tests program).



Differences between COTS, BBM1, BBM2, EM and FM

Raw material	-	COTS ⁽¹⁾	BBM1	BBM2 ⁽²⁾	EM, QM ⁽²⁾	FM ⁽²⁾
	Lithium Niobate Chip	Standard	Standard or customized ⁽³⁾	Standard or customized ⁽³⁾	Standard or customized ⁽³⁾	Standard or customized ⁽³⁾
	Metal Housing	Standard	Standard	Space-compatible	Space-compatible	Space-compatible
	Electrical & optical connectors (RF & FC)	Standard	Standard	Standard	Space-compatible	Space-compatible
	Fiber jackets	Standard	Standard	Space-compatible	Space-compatible	Space-compatible
	Fiber boots	Standard	Standard	Space-compatible	Space-compatible	Space-compatible
	Embedded elements	Standard	Standard	Space-compatible	Space-compatible	Space-compatible
Assembly Process	-	Standard	Standard	Standard	Space-compatible	Space-compatible
Selection	-	Standard	Standard	Standard	After screening	After screening and LAT

Standard for Space products: ESCC and/or MIL-STD if applicable.

⁽¹⁾ iXblue's standard modulator, see our portofolio on <u>photonics.ixblue.com</u>

- ⁽²⁾ Raw material and final modulators coming from the same batch.
- ⁽³⁾ Custom LiNbO₃ Chip based on non-standard modulator specification.



Space grade Modulators

How to get Flight Model Modulators: example of Qualification Test (QT) and LAT

