Ramses
LBL and sparse LBL
intelligent transceiver

Ramses is an acoustic synthetic baseline positioning system (ASBL) designed to make LBL and sparse-LBL subsea navigation simple. Tightly coupled with iXblue inertial navigation system (Phins, Rovins or Rovins Nano), it delivers extreme precision and robustness using a greatly reduced number of transponders compared to usual LBL systems. Available in medium frequency version compatible with Gaps, Ramses is a key part of iXblue inertial-acoustic solutions for subsea positioning.

FEATURES

- Modes of operation: Sparse LBL positioning, with SLAM capability, and LBL
- Compatibility:
  - iXblue INS
  - Canopus supervision software
- Embedded Kalman filter and LBL algorithms
- Full embedded processing, no top-side required
- Millimetre range measurement precision
- Embedded SV, Pressure and Temperature sensors
- Subsea switch & logger functionalities
- Acoustic communication (500 bits/s)

BENEFITS

- Simplified mobilization, for ROVs and AUVs
- LBL navigation accuracy, with superior precision
- Reduced number of required transponders
- Flexible array deployment thanks to SLAM
- Fully operable in existing fields, reducing seabed transponders maintenance and vessel time

Next generation LBL

Thanks to its fully embedded architecture, Ramses delivers the best possible acoustic aiding data to the INS, with perfect time-stamping and extremely reduced latency. This optimum data fusion brings amazing robustness to the positioning, easily allowing 90% savings on transponder batteries and perfect navigation with one single transponder deployed. This is the iXblue Acoustic Synthetic Base Line concept (ASBL).

Using Ramses, both LBL and sparse-LBL features are natively offered to the operator depending on the number of available transponders:
- With 1+ transponder, sparse LBL position is obtained from the fusion of acoustic ranges with navigation equations from the INS
- With 4+ transponders, embedded LBL algorithms provide high performing 100% acoustic navigation and efficient environmental QC

APPLICATIONS

- AUV
- Metrology
- Salvage
- ROV
- Oil & Gas
- Survey
- Oceanography
# TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

## Performance / Characteristics

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<th>Ramses (MF band)</th>
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### Acoustics

- **Frequency band**: 18 - 36 kHz
- **Remote Transducer Beam-shape**: Omni-directional
- **Tx Level**: 196 dB (ref. 1 µPa @ 1 m)

### Position accuracy

- **Standard LBL, 4 transponders**: < 0.10 m
- **INS aided, 2 transponders**: < 0.10 m

### Ranging

- **Precision**: > 0.01 m (1 sigma)
- **Maximum range**: 4,000 m

### Sensor precision

- **Sound Velocity Probe**: 1375 m/s to 1900 m/s, ± 0.020 m/s
- **Pressure**: ±0.03% full scale
- **Temperature**: ±0.1°
- **Compatible Transponders**: Full range of iXblue MF range (mini, releasable and Canopus)
- **Compatible USBL**: iXblue Gaps
- **Interfacing**: iXblue web MMI
  - Ethernet, Serial, pulses
  - Subsea switch & UPS for connected INS

### Power supply

- **IN**: External, 12 / 36 VDC - 5W average - 15W peak (positioning) - 50W peak (communication)
- **OUT**: 24 VDC - 25W max

### Mechanical specifications

- **Construction**: Aluminum
- **Weight (air / water)**: 16 / 6 kg
- **Depth rating**: 4,000 m
- **Size (OD x length)**: Ø 180 x 727 mm
**Typical ROV connection scheme**  
Sharing connections to simplify and secure operations

Seamless integration on vehicles:
- One single Ethernet port required for INS + Ramses
- One single PPS required
- Shared sensors and navigation data between units (SV, P, T…)

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**Tight Coupling with iXblue INS**  
Ultimate ASBL Performance and Reliability

Thanks to its full embedded architecture, Ramses delivers the best possible aiding data to your iXblue INS, with perfect time-stamping and extremely reduced latency.

Unlike standard LBL which requires a minimum of 4 transponders to compute a single position, INS-Ramses Kalman filters get aiding from each and single measured range. This optimum data fusion brings amazing robustness to the positioning, ultimately making non-drifting subsea navigation possible with only one single transponder deployed. This is iXblue Acoustic Synthetic Base Line (ASBL).
SLAM calibration technique
Redeploy transponders to build a flexible array

Using embedded SLAM algorithms, Ramses can extend and calibrate local arrays in no more than 30 min, from shallow to 6,000 m water depth.

Decimeter precision is quickly obtained where needed, without deploying a full LBL array.